



Citizen C200,C210 Movement Parts (1)

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TECHNICAL INFORMATION

CITIZEN QUARTZ

Cal. No. C2⌘⌘

EMMYWATCH
VINTAGE RESTORATIONS



CITIZEN

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Contents

| | |
|--|-----------|
| §1. FEATURES OF THIS WATCH | 1 |
| §2. SPECIFICATIONS | 1 |
| §3. OUTLINE AND NAME OF EACH PART OF THIS WATCH | 2 |
| §4. SETTING METHOD OF ANALOG SECTION (Hour, minute, second hands) | 2 |
| §5. HANDLING METHOD OF DIGITAL SECTION | 3 |
| ① Setting of time | 4 |
| ② Setting of alarm time | 4 |
| ③ How to use the chronograph (stopwatch) | 5 |
| ④ Setting of calendar | 6 |
| §6. SOUND MONITOR AND SETTING OF HOURLY CHIME | 6 |
| §7. DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY OF MODULE | 7 |
| ☆ Notes on disassembly and assembly | 8 |
| ☆ All-reset operation | 9 |
| ☆ Measuring method of current consumption | 10 |
| §8. TROUBLESHOOTING AND ADJUSTMENT | 11 |

DATA WATCH

§1. FEATURES OF THIS WATCH

CAL. C20*

This watch is a standard combination quartz watch which follows CAL. C48*, C170, and C180. Its main features are that the hour, minute, and second hands are installed to the center of the module and the digital display is arranged in an arc, and its handling method is almost the same as the above calibers.

CAL. C21*

This watch is a combination quartz watch for outdoor use which has a yacht timer, chronograph function, etc.

§2. SPECIFICATIONS

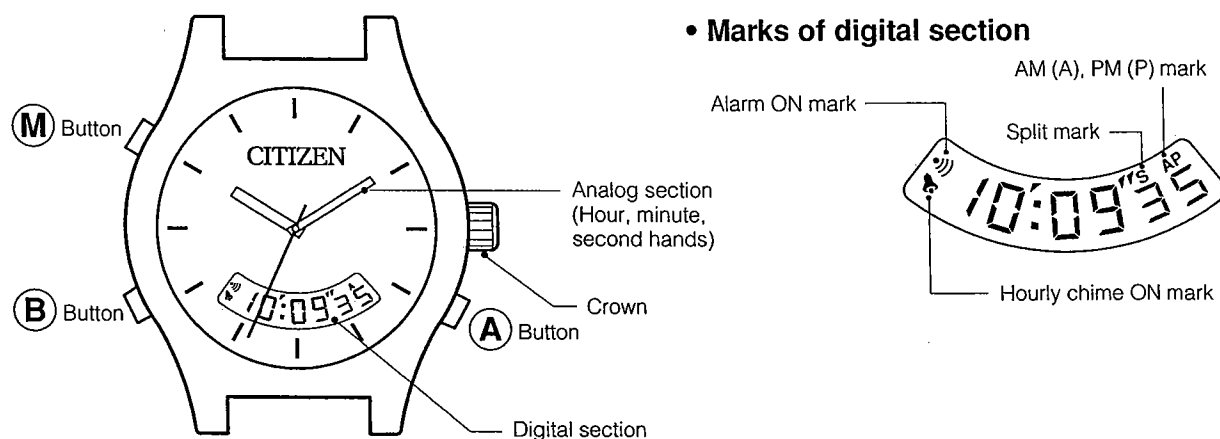
| Caliber No. | | C20* | C21* |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| Type | | Combination quartz watch (Analog quartz + Digital quartz) quartz watch | |
| Module size | | ø28.4 x 27.8 x 25.0 (Thickness: 3.1 mm) | ø30.8 x 26.0 x 27.4 (Thickness: 4.9 mm) |
| Accuracy (At normal temperature) | | ±30 sec./month | ±20 sec./month |
| Oscillation frequency | | 32,768 Hz | |
| Display method | | (Digital) FE nematic liquid crystal display (Analog) 3-hand analog indication | |
| IC | | C/MOS-LSI 1 unit | |
| Effective temperature range | | 0°C ~ 55°C (32°F ~ 131°F) | |
| Converter | | Bipolar step motor | |
| Adjustment of time rate | | DF Adjustment (Without adjustment terminal) | |
| Measuring gate | | 10 seconds | |
| Display functions | Analog section | Hour, minute, second hands | |
| | Digital section | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Calendar • Time • Alarm • Chronograph • Timer • Yacht timer | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Month, date, day Hour, minute, second (A/P), 12/24-hour switching system A/P, alarm hour, minute 60 minutes meter (maximum measuring range: 59 min, 59 sec, 99) — — |
| | | | Hour, minute, second (A/P) month, date, day |
| | | | 12-hour meter (maximum measuring range: 11 hour, 59 min, 59 sec) |
| | | | 60-minute timer |
| | | | Timer of 10 min, 5 min, and start time measurement with auto chronograph function |
| | Additional functions | • Chime • Lamp | — |
| | | | |
| Power cell | Part No. | 280-44 (SR927W) | |
| | Size | ø9.5 x 2.7 (mm) | |
| | Nominal voltage | 1.55 V | |
| | Nominal capacity | 60 mAH | |
| | Lifetime | Approx. 3 years (Depends on using hours of alarm, chime, lamp, and chronograph.) | |

<The above specifications are subject to change without notice.>

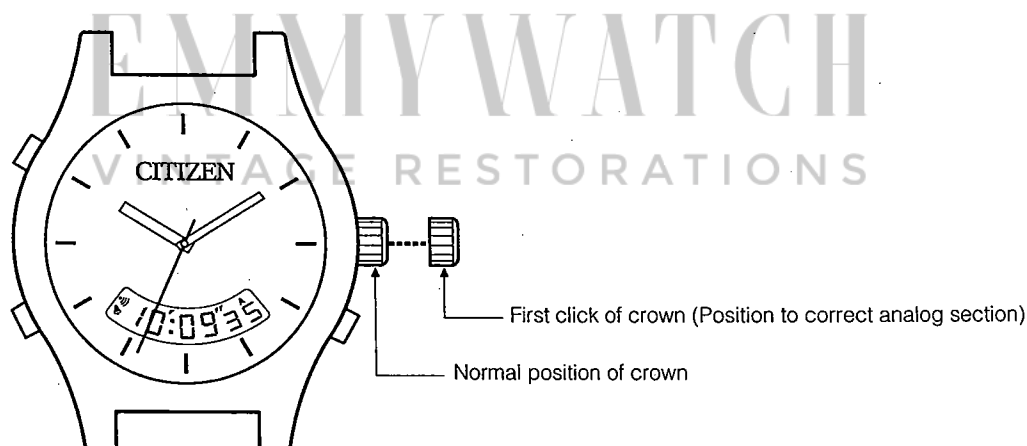
§3. OUTLINE AND NAME OF EACH PART OF THIS WATCH

This manual mainly explains the technical informations of CAL. C20※

- This is an analog/digital combination quartz watch having the functions of calendar, time indication, alarm, and chronograph.



§4. SETTING METHOD OF ANALOG SECTION (Hour, minute, second hands)



(1) Pull out the crown and adjust the time.

(2) After adjusting the time, push in the crown perfectly, and the watch starts.

* For accurate setting, stop the second hand at 0 second in advance. Move the minute hand 4 – 5 minutes ahead of the correct time, then return it to the correct time. Push in the crown to a standard time signal.

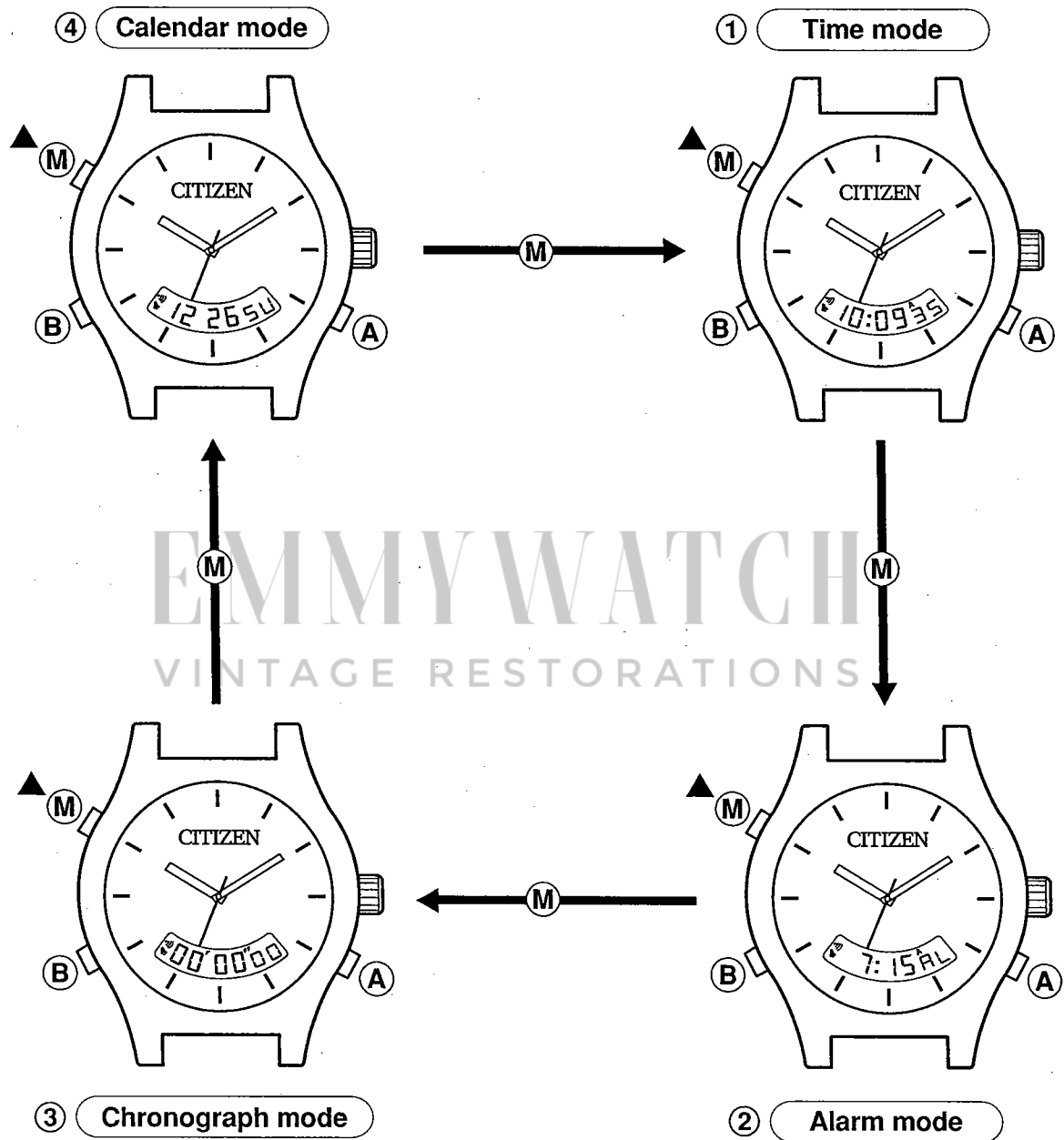
* The analog section (hands) is not synchronized with the digital section. Accordingly, the analog section and digital section can be set to different times and used as a dual time system.

§5. HANDLING METHOD OF DIGITAL SECTION

This watch has four modes (Indicating functions).

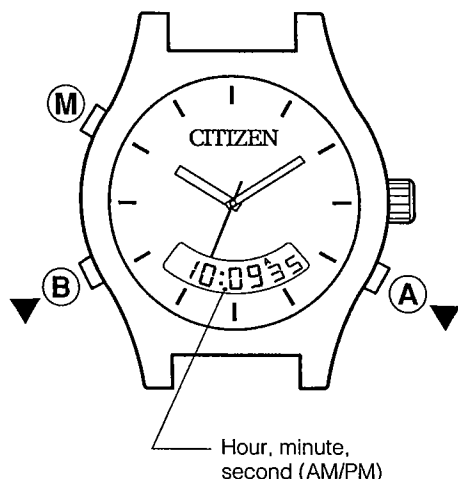
The normal indication in each mode is shown below.

The mode is change every time the (M) button is pushed in the following order.



① Setting of time

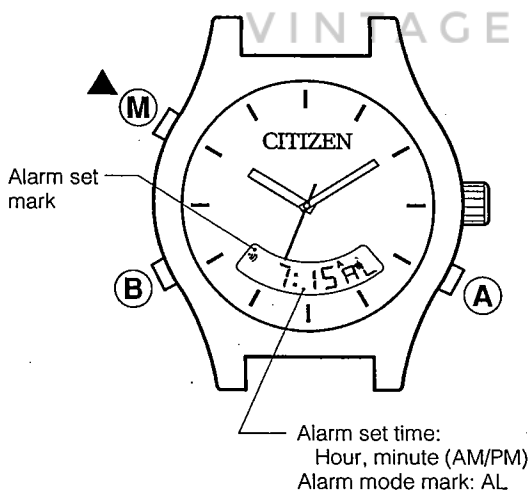
<Normal indication in time mode>



- (1) Push the **(M)** button to set the watch in the time mode.
(The mode mark does not light up.)
- (2) Push and hold the **(B)** button for about 2 sec, then release it, and "SECOND" flashes. If the **(A)** button is pushed at this time, the second starts from 0.
- (3) Push and release the **(B)** button, and "MINUTE" flashes. Push the **(A)** button to correct the minute.
- (4) Push and release the **(B)** button, and "HOUR" flashes. Push the **(A)** button to correct the hour.
- (5) Push and release the **(B)** button, and 12H or 24H flashes. Push the **(A)** button to select either 12H system or 24H system. "A" or "P" is indicated above the second display only when the 12H system is selected.
- (6) Push the **(B)** button to return to the normal indication of the time. The time is corrected by the above operation.

Note: If the watch is left untouched in the correction mode, it automatically returns to the normal indication of the time.

② Setting of alarm time



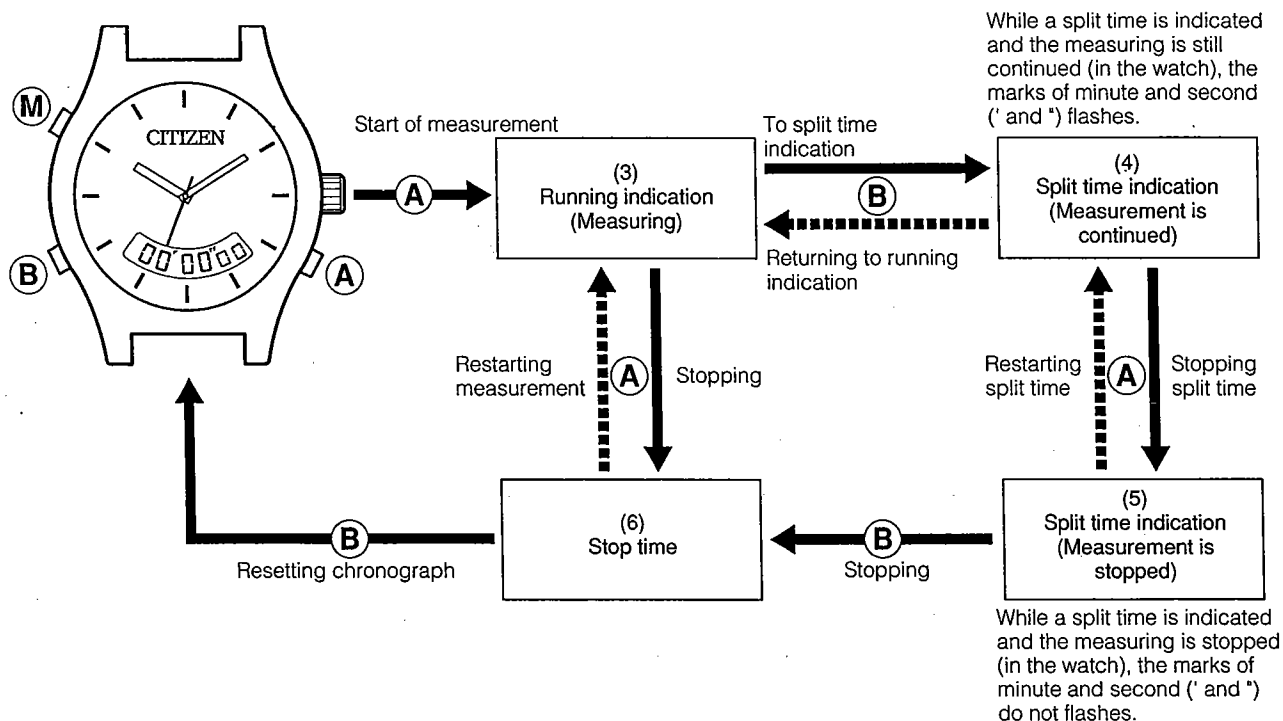
- (1) Push the **(M)** button to set the watch in the alarm mode.
- (2) If the **(B)** button is pushed and released, "HOUR" of the alarm flashes. Push the **(A)** button to set the alarm time. In the 12H system, take care not to mistake AM and PM for each other.
- (3) Push and release the **(M)** button, and "MINUTE" of the alarm flashes. Push the **(A)** button to set the MINUTE of the alarm.
- (4) Push the **(B)** button to return to the normal indication of the alarm time. The alarm is set by the above operation.

* The 12H system and 24H system of in alarm mode are conformed to those in the time mode.

* Turn on and off the alarm by pushing the **(A)** button in the normal indication mode of the alarm time. The former is turned on and off every time the latter is pushed. While the alarm is turned on, the «» mark lights up.

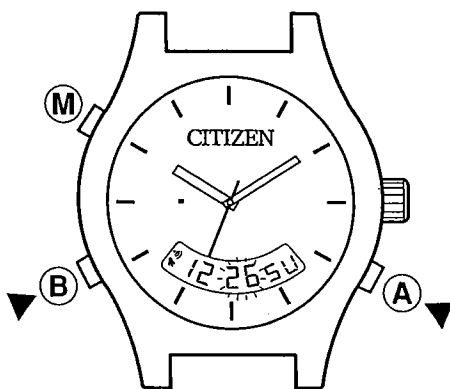
* The alarm sounds for 20 seconds. It can be stopped by pushing any one of the **(A)**, **(B)**, and **(M)** buttons.

③ How to use the chronograph (stopwatch)



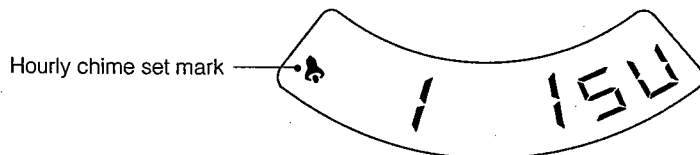
- (1) Push the **(M)** button to set the watch in the chronograph mode.
 - (2) Push the **(A)** button while the chronograph is reset state (00'00"00), to start the chronograph (measurement). → (3)
 - (3) While the chronograph (measurement) is running (3);
 - If the **(A)** button is pushed, the stop time of the chronograph from the starting point is indicated. → (6)
 - If the **(B)** button is pushed, the split time is indicated. → (4)
(In this case, the watch is still measuring the time from the starting point with the chronograph.)
 - (4) While the split time is indicated (Chronograph is still measuring) (4);
 - If the **(A)** button is pushed, the split time is kept indicated, but the chronograph, which has measured the time from the starting point, stops the measurement. → (5)
 - If the **(B)** button is pushed, the watch returns to the measurement with the chronograph. → (3)
 - (5) While the split time is indicated (Chronograph has stopped measuring) (5);
 - If the **(A)** button is pushed, the split time is kept indicated, but the chronograph in the watch starts the measurement, adding the former stop time. → (4)
 - If the **(B)** button is pushed, the stop time of the chronograph is indicated. → (6)
 - (6) While the stop time is indicated (6);
 - If the **(A)** button is pushed, the chronograph starts the measurement again at the stop time. → (3)
 - If the **(B)** button is pushed, the chronograph is reset. → (2)
- * The maximum length of measured time is 59 minutes, 59 seconds, 99/100. After this time, the measurement is repeated from 00'00"00.
- * A sound comes out for confirmation every time the **(A)** or **(B)** button is pushed.
- * If the mode is changed while a split time is indicated (Chronograph is measuring the time) (4) or (Chronograph has stopped measuring the time (5)), and if the watch is returned to the chronograph mode
- The chronograph starts running (measurement) (3) in the former case.
 - The chronograph indicates the stop time (6) in the latter case.
- * The split time means the time after the starting point. While the split time is indicated, the "S" mark is indicated at the right upper part.

④ Setting of calendar



- (1) Push the **(M)** button to set the watch in the calendar mode.
 - (2) Push and hold the **(B)** button for about 2 seconds, then release it, and "DATE" flashes. Set the date with the **(A)** button.
 - (3) Push and release the **(B)** button, and "MONTH" flashes. Set the month with the **(A)** button.
 - (4) Push and release the **(B)** button, and "DAY" flashes. Set the day by pushing the **(A)** button.
 - (5) Push the **(B)** button, and the watch returns to the normal calendar indication. The calendar is set by the above operation.
- Once the calendar is set, the month, date, and day are changed automatically. (They do not need to be corrected at the end of each month.) They need to be corrected, however, at the end of February in each leap year, since the end of February is set to 28.

§6. SOUND MONITOR AND SETTING OF HOURLY CHIME



- **Sound monitor**

The sound monitor means the function to confirm the alarm sound. If the **(A)** and **(B)** buttons are pushed at the same time in the normal indication of the calendar mode or the time, the alarm sound comes out while they are pushed.

- **Setting of hourly chime**

The hourly chime can be turned on and off by performing the operation for the sound monitor. If the hourly chime is set, the HOURLY CHIME ON mark is indicated.

§7. DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY OF MODULE

Disassemble procedure: ① → ②⑥

Assemble procedure: ②⑥ → ①

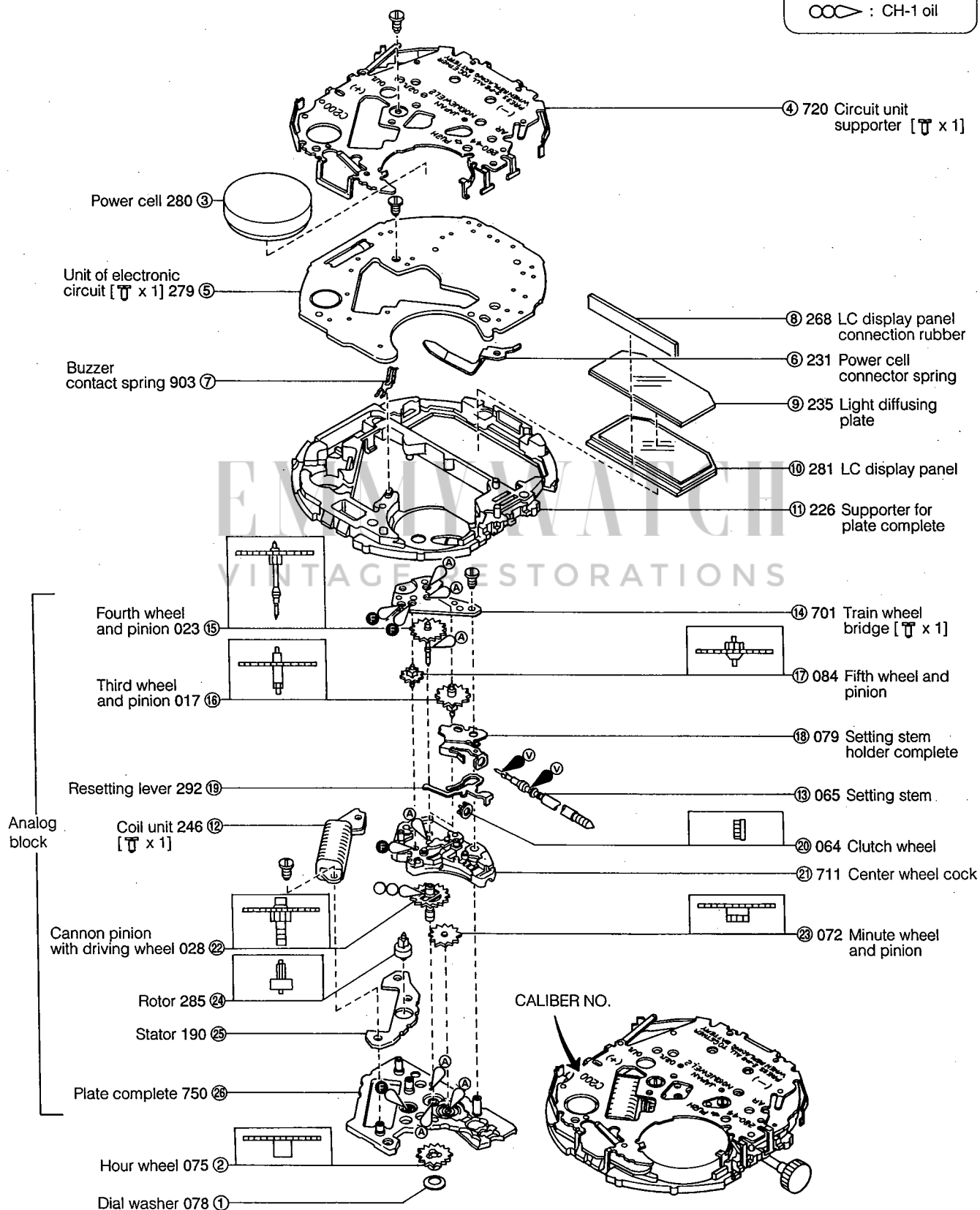
● Lubrication marks

⊙ : A-Lube oil

▽ : V-Lube oil

● : F-Lube oil

○ : CH-1 oil

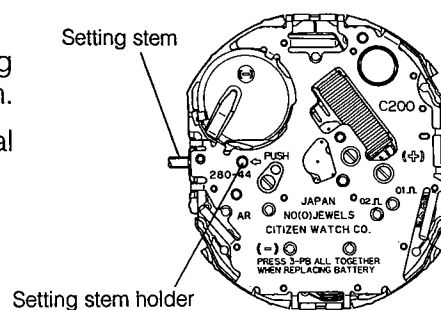


• Use the movement holder C20.

☆ Notes on disassembly and assemble

1. How to take out the setting stem

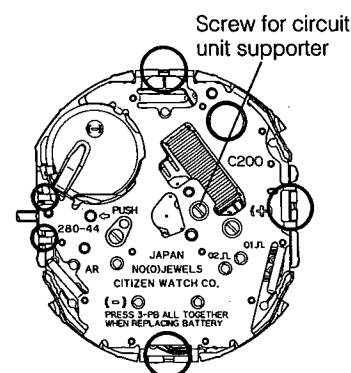
- With the crown at the normal position, push the part of the setting stem holder marked with a circle and pull out the setting stem.
If it does not come out, turn it with the crown at the normal position, then pull it out.



2. How to remove the circuit unit supporter

- Remove the set screw, then disengage the five hooks marked with circles.

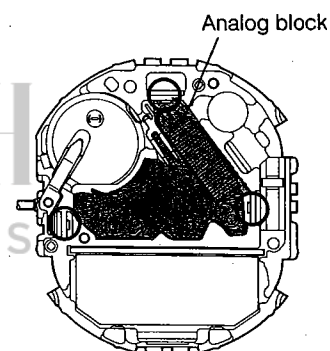
At this time, take care not to bend the hooks and the push-button switching part of the circuit unit supporter.



3. How to remove the analog block

- Remove the three hooks of the plate supporter, and the analog block, including the coil, can be removed. The parts of the analog block are No. 14 ~ 26 in the disassembly drawing.

(When disassembling and re-assembling the analog block, use the side of the movement holder C20.)



4. Handling of plastic parts

- Plastic parts may be dissolved or deformed in cleaning liquid. They also may be melted or deformed by hot air.

Accordingly, take every care during and after cleaning them. We recommend to rinse them simply, then immediately dry them by blowing air against them or simply wipe them with a chamois piece.

Take care, in particular, when using cleaning liquid containing solvent.

☆ All-reset operation

● A microcomputer IC is used in the circuit of this watch.

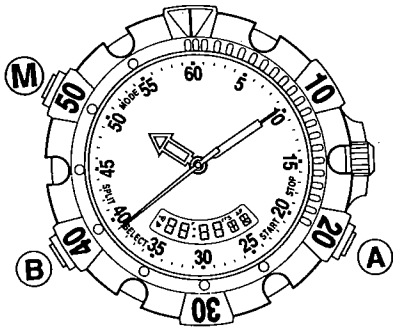
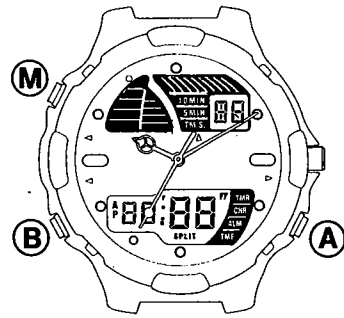
Accordingly, it must undergo all-reset operation to be reset correctly in the following cases.

- When the power cell is replaced.
- When the watch has received a strong shock and it indicates or operates abnormally.

Examples of abnormal indication and operation:

- The indication is kept turned off.
- A part of indication is lost (Some segments are not turned on).
- The digits are not indicated correctly.
- The alarm keeps sounding

● All-reset operation procedure

| C20* | C21* |
|---|--|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Push the (A), (B), and (M) buttons at the same time. → At this time, all the segments of the digital indication unit are turned on. 2) Release the (A), (B), and (M) buttons. → At this time, a sound comes out for confirmation and the watch indicates 1. 1. SU (January 1st, Sunday). 3) The all-reset operation is completed. Set each mode correctly.  | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Pull out the crown. 2) Push the (A), (B), and (M) buttons at the same time. → At this time, all the indication goes off. 3) Release the (A), (B), and (M) buttons. → At this time, all the segments are turned on (All items are indicated). 4) Push in the crown. → At this time, a sound comes out for confirmation, and the watch starts from A12:00.00 in the normal time mode. 5) The all-reset operation is completed. Set each mode correctly.  |

☆ Measuring method of current consumption

If the lamp, alarm, chronograph, or timer mode is used, more current flows than in the normal time/calendar mode.

Accordingly, the life of the power cell is shortened.

Generally, the life of a new power cell is calculated on the assumption that the alarm is used for 20 seconds, the lamp is turned on for 2 seconds, and the time signal is turned on 24 times every day. The watch must be so handled that its push buttons will not be kept pushed and its lamp and alarm will not be kept turned on and its chronograph (stopwatch) will not keep running.

Accordingly, when the watches are shipped, they must be so packed that their push buttons will not be pushed during transportation. Besides, this point must be explained to the general users.

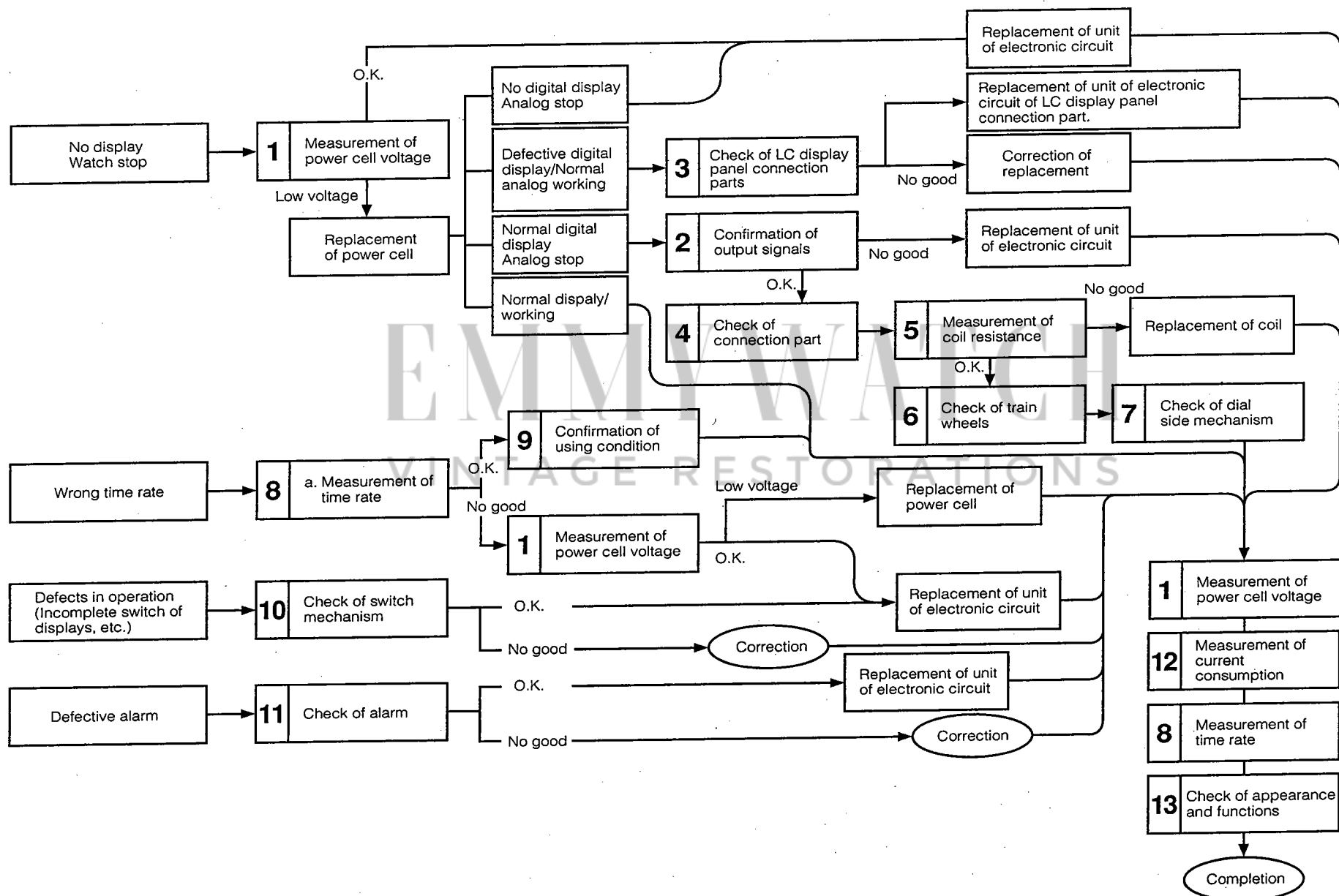
• Main operations of watch which shorten life of power cell in it

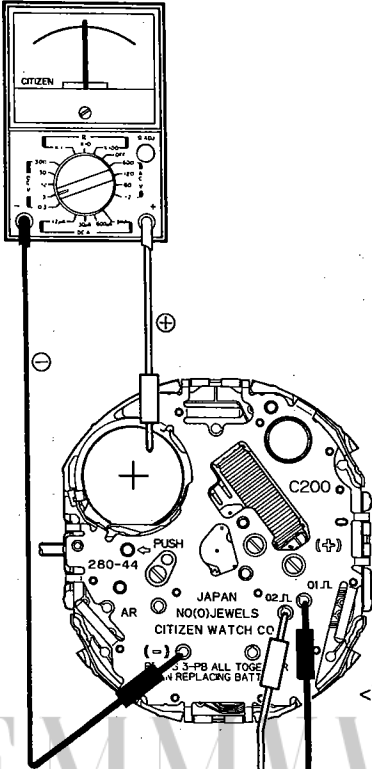
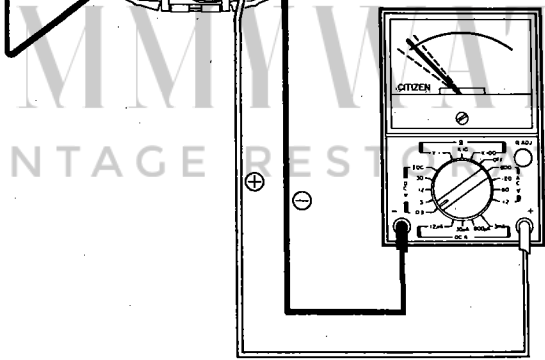
| | Operation of watch | Ratio of current consumption to value in normal using state | Current consumption (Reference value) |
|---|------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| 1 | Lamp is turned on | About 5,000 times | About 10 ~ 15 mA |
| 2 | Alarm is sounding | About 1,000 times | About 2 mA |
| 3 | Chronograph is running | About 2 times | About 3 ~ 4 μ A |
| 4 | Timer is running | About 2 times | About 3 ~ 4 μ A |
| 5 | Quick setting | (Forward) About 100 times | About 200 μ A |
| | | (Reverse) About 50 times | About 100 μ A |

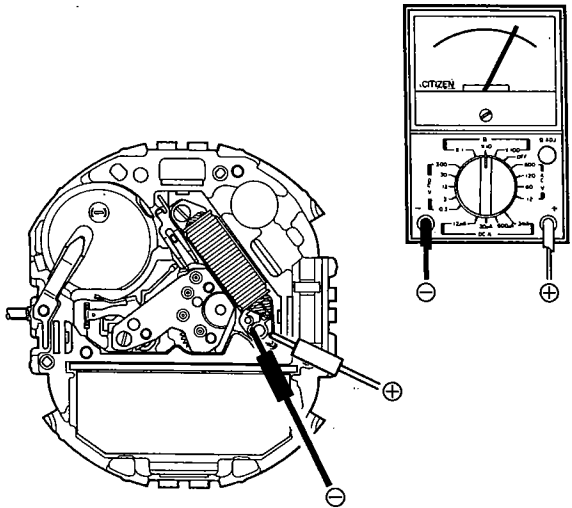
(1 mA = 1000 μ A)

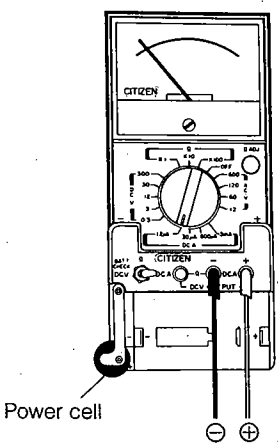
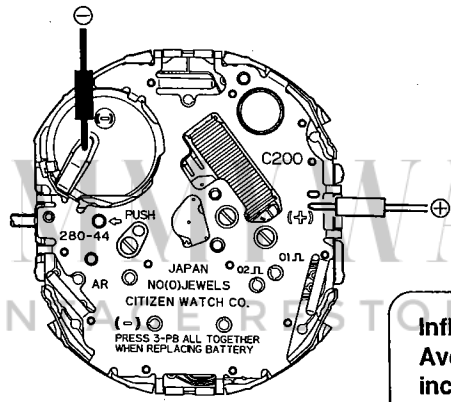
Note: The above values are shown only for reference. The current consumption depends on the type of watch, AQ/CQ/DQ, and setting speed.

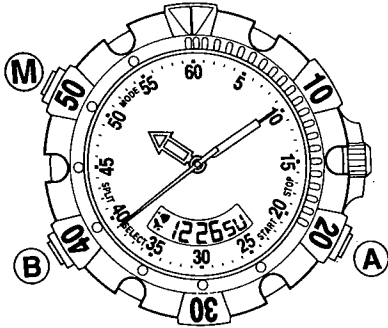
§8. TROUBLESHOOTING AND ADJUSTMENT



| Check items | How to check | Result and treatment |
|---|--|---|
| ① Measurement of power cell voltage | <p>[Refer to Technical Manual, Basic Course: II-1-a]</p> <p><Tester range: D.C. 3V></p>  | <p>Over 1.5 V → Nondefective</p> <p>Under 1.5 V → Replace the power cell</p> |
| ② Confirmation of output signal | <p><Tester range: D.C. 0.3V></p>  <p>[Refer to Technical Manual, Basic Course: II-1-b]</p> | <p>If the tester pointer swings back and forth around zero every second, the unit of electronic circuit is nondefective.</p> |
| ③ Check of LC display panel connection parts | <p>[Refer to Technical Manual, Basic Course: II-2-a]</p> <p>Check the following points;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Whether the LC display panel connection rubber has been properly mounted. • Whether the LC display panel connection rubber has not been damaged. • Whether there is no dust or dirt on the connection parts. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If mounting was incorrect, mount again. • If it has been damaged, replace it with a new one. • If dust or dirt is found, remove it. |
| ④ Check of connection part | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check that there is no dust or dirt on the connection parts. • Check that the screws have been fastened. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If dust or dirt is found, remove it. • If the screws are loose, fasten them. |

| Check items | How to check | Result and treatment |
|---|---|--|
| ⑤ Measurement of coil resistance | <p>[Refer to Technical Manual, Basic Course: II-1-c]</p> <p><Tester range: R x 10Ω></p>  <p>(The tester lead pins have no polarity)</p> | <p>Within a range of 1.9 ~ 2.3 kΩ → Nondefective</p> <p>Beyond the above range → Replace the coil unit.</p> |
| ⑥ Check of train wheel | <p>[Refer to Technical Manual, Basic Course: II-2-b]</p> <p>Check the following points;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Whether the transmission goes smoothly with each gear with an appropriate clearance and with no backlash. • Whether no foreign matter gets in the gears. • Whether lubrication is in a good condition. • Whether hole jewels have no cracks or cuts. • Whether plastic parts are deformed or damaged. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If improper clearance or backlash is found, adjust the gear. • Foreign matter → Remove it. • Bad lubrication → Adjust it. • Cracks or cuts → Replace the hole jewels. • Deformation or damage → Replace the parts. |
| ⑦ Check of dial – side mechanism | <p>[Refer to Technical Manual, Basic Course: II-2-c]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check that the hands go around in a correct way. • Check that the crown is pulled out in a correct way. • Check that each part has been properly mounted. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • There are problems with turning of the hands → Replace the parts or adjust them. • Pulling out the crown cannot be correctly performed → Replace the damaged parts or adjust them. • Bad mounting → Mount again. |
| ⑧ Measurement of time rate | <p>[Refer to Technical Manual, Basic Course: II-2-d]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Since this watch has D.F.C. and does not have adjustment terminals, thus the time rate cannot be adjusted in the customer's place. <p>(Measurement is made in a 10 second-range.)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Accuracy Cal C20*: ±30 seconds per month (±1 second per day) Cal. C21*: ±20 seconds per month (± 0.7 second per day) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The watch loses or gains substantial time → Replace the electronic circuit unit. |

| Check items | How to check | Result and treatment | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|-----------|-----------|----|--------------------|---------------------|----|--------------------------------|---|----|---|---|----|---|---|----|---|---|----|---|---|
| 12 Measurement of current consumption | <p>[Refer to Technical Manual, Basic Course: II-1-f]</p> <p><Tester range: D.C. 10 μA, 12 μA or 30 μA></p>  <p>Power cell</p>  <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p>Influence of light; Avoid measuring current consumption under an incandescent lamp or the direct rays of the sun, because it may cause the current value to increase.</p> </div> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Current consumption of the module <p>Under Cal. C20※: 2.2 μA Cal. C21※: 3.1 μA → Nondefective</p> <p>Over Cal. C20※: 2.2 μA Cal. C21※: 3.1 μA → Measure the unit of electronic circuit singly for current.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Measurement of the separate electronic circuit. <p>Under Cal. C20※: 1.0 μA Cal. C21※: 2.5 μA → Nondefective</p> <p>Over Cal. C20※: 1.0 μA Cal. C21※: 2.5 μA → Replace the unit of electronic circuit.</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <p><Measuring procedure></p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th><th>Cal. C20※</th><th>Cal. C21※</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1)</td><td>Push in the crown.</td><td>Pull out the crown.</td></tr> <tr> <td>2)</td><td>Set the tester as shown above.</td><td>←</td></tr> <tr> <td>3)</td><td>Set the tester to 100μA or 120μA or a higher range.</td><td>←</td></tr> <tr> <td>4)</td><td>Apply the probes and push the three push buttons at the same time to perform the all-reset operation.</td><td>← Then, perform the all-reset operation, then push in the crown.</td></tr> <tr> <td>5)</td><td>After the tester needle is stabilized, change the tester to 30μA or a lower range (10μA or 12μA), with the probes kept applied.</td><td>←</td></tr> <tr> <td>6)</td><td>When the tester needle is stabilized, it indicates the current consumption.</td><td>←</td></tr> </tbody> </table> | | | | Cal. C20※ | Cal. C21※ | 1) | Push in the crown. | Pull out the crown. | 2) | Set the tester as shown above. | ← | 3) | Set the tester to 100 μ A or 120 μ A or a higher range. | ← | 4) | Apply the probes and push the three push buttons at the same time to perform the all-reset operation. | ← Then, perform the all-reset operation, then push in the crown. | 5) | After the tester needle is stabilized, change the tester to 30 μ A or a lower range (10 μ A or 12 μ A), with the probes kept applied. | ← | 6) | When the tester needle is stabilized, it indicates the current consumption. | ← |
| | Cal. C20※ | Cal. C21※ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1) | Push in the crown. | Pull out the crown. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2) | Set the tester as shown above. | ← | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3) | Set the tester to 100 μ A or 120 μ A or a higher range. | ← | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4) | Apply the probes and push the three push buttons at the same time to perform the all-reset operation. | ← Then, perform the all-reset operation, then push in the crown. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| Check items | How to check | Result and treatment |
|---|---|--|
| <p>13 Check of appearance and functions</p> | <p>[Refer to Technical Manual, Basic Course: II-2-f]</p>  <p>The diagram shows a chronograph watch face. Label 'M' points to the 12 o'clock position. Label 'B' points to the 4 o'clock position. Label 'A' points to the 2 o'clock position. The watch face includes a main dial with minutes and seconds, a sub-dial at 3 o'clock, and a date window at 6 o'clock.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make sure that there is no dust or dirt inside the watch. • Make sure that each button functions correctly. • Make sure that all the segments have been provided. • Make sure that the alarm monitor operates in an expected manner. | <p>→ See the section of all-reset operation.</p> |

EMMYWATCH
VINTAGE RESTORATIONS